CS55 INTRODUCTION

To the owner or user: The service manual you are reading is intended to provide you, and the maintenance or service technican, with the information needed to install, start up, clean and service this ice system.

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CS55 SPECIFICATIONS



5.4"



SERIAL	FREON	gr.
VOLT	CYCLES	
AMP.	 START AMP	

SPECIFICATIONS

1.76"

2.2"

Model Number	Dimensions H" X W" X D" (W/O Legs)	Bin Capacity	Ice Production 24 hours	Cube Size	Basic Electrical	Comp. H.P.	Min. Circ. Ampacity	Max. Fuse Size	Ship. Wht.
CS55SAE-1A	28.42 X 18 X 20.6	28 lbs.	55 lbs.	Small	115/60/1	1/5	6.1	15	100 lbs.

The finish is enamel sandalwood. Minimum circuit ampacity is used to determine wire size per national electric code.

2.2"

3.83"

OPERATING REQUIREMENTS:

	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
Air Temperature	50 ⁰ F.	100 ⁰ F.
Water Temperature	40 ⁰ F.	100 ⁰ F.
Water Pressure	20 PSIG	100 PSIG
Voltage	103.5V	126.5V

Scotsman Ice Systems are designed and manufactured with the highest regard for safety and performance. They meet or exceed the standards of UL and NSF.

Scotsman assumes no liability or responsibility of any kind for products manufactured by Scotsman that have been altered in any way, including the use of any parts and/or other components not specifically approved by Scotsman.

Scotsman reserves the right to make design changes and/or improvements at any time. Specifications and designs are subject to change without notice.

CS55: FOR THE INSTALLER

Location:

Prior consideration for the location shall include:

- Indoors, with a minimum room temperature of 50⁰F. and a maximum room temperature of 100⁰F.
- Water temperature to the machine should be between 40⁰F. and 100⁰F.
- Service Access. Allow enough space at the back of the cabinet for the utilities to be connected. Allow enough space for the machine to be pulled out from its

IF BUILT IN, THIS SIDE SHOULD BE TIGHT AGAINST THE PANEL TO PREVENT AIR RECIRCULATION installed location. Do not build a floor in front of the machine that would prevent its removal.

• Air circulation: The front panel MUST remain unobstructed. Do not block with any type of door or curtain.

If the unit is built in, it will pull air in from the right side of the front panel, and exhaust it out the left side of the front panel. If the left side of the machine is left open, warm air will be discharged from the left side panel.



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FOR THE PLUMBER

Water supply and drain connections. 1. The recommended water supply line is a 1/4" o.d. copper tube, the water pressure must have a minimum incoming pressure of 20 psig.

2. Connect the tubing to the 3/4" hose coupling thread water inlet fitting at the back of the icemaker. An optional adaptor to go from the 3/4" hose coupling thread to 1/4" compression fitting is available from your dealer under part number 0533238. Or a similar adaptor can be purchased from a hardware store. Install a shut off valve in the incoming water line near the icemaker so that the water can be shut off for service.
 Connect a gravity drain line to the drain connection at the icemaker. A minimum slope of 1/4" fall per foot of horizontal run is recommended. Install the drains per the local codes.

A vent is recommended on the highest point of the drain tube, and the drain tubing must be rigid pipe. Do NOT use flexible tubing.



ELECTRICAL

1. Locate the nameplate on the lower rear panel and check that the location source voltage and capacity are correct for this unit. The unit is equipped with a grounded plug connection.

Under no circumstances must the ground post be altered or removed.

Extension cords are not permitted.

Be certain that the icemaker is connected to its own electrical circuit and is individually fused. The maximum allowable voltage variation should not exceed ten percent of the nameplate rating. **All external wiring should conform to the National, State, and local electrical code requirements.** Usually an electrical permit and the services of a licensed

CS55: INSTALLATION FINAL CHECK

1. Is the Cabinet level?

2. Have all the electrical and piping connections been made?

3. Has the voltage been tested and checked against the nameplate rating?4. Is the unit plugged into a separate electrical circuit?

5. Is the water supply line shut off valve installed and is the water turned on?6. Have the bin interior, and the cabinet exterior been wiped clean?

7. Are all internal parts in place, including the spray platform and curtain?8. Have the internal refrigerant lines been checked for rubbing and chaffing?9. Has the machine been installed where it is indoors, in a controlled environment, with adequate air circulation around the machine, and where it can be serviced?



CS55 INITIAL START UP

1. Open water supply valve.

2. Move electrical breaker or switch to the on position.

3. Remove front panel.

4. Check the cube size control shaft, it should be in a preset cube size position. If not, turn it clockwise until the unit comes on. Note: cube size adjustments may be required. Start with the shaft in the "mid" position.

5. The machine will go thru a "dry" cycle, this will take about 10 minutes. Then the water fill and harvest cycle will begin.

6. Observe the water fill cycle:

- The water inlet valve opens.
- Incoming water flows from the valve through the tubing to the top of the icemaker.
- Water flows around the inverted ice cube cups and drains through holes into the reservoir.
- The reservoir begins to fill up with water.
- Extra water flows thru the purge valve for 15 seconds and then the fan and pump will stop.
- Water continues to enter the machine and overflows a standpipe in the reservoir and down the drain.

This will take about 2 $1/_2$ minutes. After that the freeze cycle will begin.

7. Check the operation of the freezing cycle:

- Compressor is running.
- Water pump is spraying water through the spray nozzels.
- Icemaking begins, the water gets very cold, and ice begins to form in the cube molds.

8. Check that the plastic curtain assembly hangs down evenly in the opening and that no large streams of water are passing through. Note: Some water will drip from the reservoir as the machine runs. This is normal.

9. After about 20 minutes the machine will begin to release the ice, this is called the harvest cycle.

Observe the first cube harvest:

• Check the size of the ice cubes. Note: The normal size of the ice cube has a 1/4" depression in the wide end. If the cubes are not filled out, adjust the machine to make larger ice cubes by turning the cube size control shaft clockwise.

If the cubes are overfilled, adjust the machine to make smaller ice cubes by turning the cube size control counter-clockwise.

In both cases, the next cycle of cubes harvested must be observed, and further corrections may be needed. **See page 11.** If the ice cubes are cloudy, an extreme water condition may exist. Confirm that they are cloudy by placing them in a glass of cold water. If, in the water, they remain cloudy, you may want to have the water tested by a water treatment specialist. If the ice cubes are cloudy only on the bottom or in the center, the machine may be running out of water before the end of the freezing cycle.

10. Test the bin full shut off. To test this, hold some ice on the bin thermostat bracket (the stainless steel tube on the left side of the ice storage bin). The icemaker should stop within a few minutes of having ice on that tube.

11. Fill out the Warranty Registration and Customer Evaluation form, and mail both to Scotsman.

12. Make sure the user understands the operation and maintenance requirements for the icemaker. Leave the service manual and the name of the local Scotsman service agency with the user.

CS55 COMPONENT LOCATION



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CS55 HOW IT WORKS: COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Cube Size Control

The cube size control is located in front of the control box, behind the front panel. The sensing capillary tube of the cube size control is routed out of the control box into its bulb holder on the evaporator coil. It is a reverse acting temperature control with double throw contacts. Turning its knob all the way counterclockwise also shuts off the icemaker.

The control determines the length of the freezing cycle and correspondingly the size of the cube. A lower setting will produce a smaller cube, and a higher setting will make a larger cube. The cube size control changes its contacts when the evaporator reaches its preset temperature, starting the harvest cycle. When the sensing tube of the cube size control reaches the high preset temperature, the contacts change again, restarting the freeze cycle.

Compressor Toggle Switch.

The compressor toggle switch is located on the side of the control box. When moved to the ON position, it makes a circuit to the compressor. When moved to the OFF position, the other components will still operate.

Water Pump

The water pump operates during the freezing cycle only, pumping water through the spray nozzles into the inverted spray cups.

Inlet Water Solenoid Valve

The water solenoid valve, located in the back panel of the unit, is energized only during the harvest or cleaning cycles. When energized it allows a metered amount of water to flow into the machine (.21 g.p.m.) This water flows to the top of the evaporator and then down into the reservoir.

Water Purge Drain Valve

The purge valve opens during the harvest cycle, and when the pump is on, water from the pump discharge is diverted to the drain. This flushes out the reservoir.

Bin Thermostat Control

The bin thermostat control body is located in front of the control box just beside the cube size control. The thermostat sensing tube is located in the ice storage bin on the left side wall where is automatically shuts the icemaker off when the bin is full and restarts when ice is removed. Factory settings are 1 degree C (36 degrees F) cut out and 4 degrees C (39 degrees F) cut in. It can be adjusted by turning the adjustment screw visible through the control box cover.

Hot Gas Valve Assembly

The hot gas valve assembly is comprised of two parts, the valve body and the coil. These parts are located on the discharge line of the compressor and are activated by the cube size control (harvest cycle). When the coil of the hot gas valve is energized, it magnetically lifts the plunger in the hot gas valve body. This allows hot refrigerant gas to by-pass the condenser and go directly to the evaporator.

Spray Platform and Chute

The spray system used on this unit is of the stationary type. The water is forced by the water pump into the platform chamber and sprayed into the inverted cup molds through a set of six spray nozzles.

Fan Motor

The fan motor is electrically connected through the cube size control and runs only during the freezing cycle.

Hermetic Motor Compressor

The compressor is a vapor pump, forcing refrigerant gas throughout the refrigeration system.

CS55: HOW IT WORKS:

Freezing cycle

The refrigeration process creates cold temperatures within the evaporator coils and removes heat from the water sprayed up into the inverted ice cube cups. When enough heat is removed, the water changes into ice, and forms where it is the coldest: in the ice cube cups.

Minerals contained in the supply water will not freeze and are drained away. Mostly pure water will be frozen into the ice cubes. During the freezing cycle, the compressor, fan motor, and water pump are operating. Water is continuously freezing or being sprayed and recirculated. When evaporator temperature is lowered to the cold temperature setting of the cube size control, it ends the freezing cycle and starts the harvest cycle. **Harvest cycle**

WATER TO EVAPORATOR

Harvest cycle

The cube size control thermostat also closes the circuit to the solenoid of the hot gas valve and the solenoid of the inlet water valve. The hot gas valve opens and hot refrigerant gas is discharged into the evaporator. The inlet water valve opens and a fresh supply of water flows to the top of the evaporator and then drains into the reservoir. The ice cubes are released



are released from the inverted cube cups in the evaporator by the warming effect of the hot refrigerant gas condensing in the evaporator tubing, plus the incoming water flowing around the inverted cups. The released ice cubes drop onto the spray

restarts.

The automatic icemaking process continues until the bin is full of ice, and the bin thermostat senses a colder temperature.

The bin thermostat then opens the circuit to all components and the automatic icemaking process stops.

through the curtain assembly into the ice storage bin. The cube size control thermostat senses the warmer temperatures of the harvest cycle. and at a preset temperature, opens the circuit to the solenoid of the hot gas valve, and the inlet water valve. Both valves close, incoming water stops and hot gas is diverted back to the condenser. The harvest cycle is complete, and the freezing cycle

platform and

CS55 HOW IT WORKS: REFRIGERATION

FREEZE CYCLE

The ice cubes are formed in an inverted mold that is refrigerated.

The refrigeration process begins at the **compressor**. There, refrigerant vapor is compressed and flows from the compressor through the **discharge line** as a high temperature, high pressure gas. In the discharge line there is a **strainer** with two outlets, one leads to the **condenser**, and one to a solenoid valve. Because the solenoid valve is closed, the gas flows to the condenser, where heat is transferred from the refrigerant to the air passing through the condenser. The refrigerant then condenses into a high pressure liquid.

From the condenser, the liquid refrigerant flows through the **liquid line**, and the liquid line filter-drier. After the filter drier, the liquid refrigerant enters the metering device, a **capillary tube**. After passing the restriction of the capillary tube, the refrigerant enters an area of relative low pressure, the **evaporator**. In the tubing of the evaporator, the liquid refrigerant expands and evaporates, absorbing heat from the evaporator tubing and anything in contact with it such as water sprayed against it.

The refrigerant, now a low pressure, low temperature vapor, flows into the **accumulator**, which traps excess liquid refrigerant. The vapor, now primarily a gas, goes through the **suction line** tube to the compressor where the cycle is repeated.

CAPILLARY TUBE CAPILLARY TUBE UISCHARGE LINE UINE UINE CONDENSER LIQUID LIQUID

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EVAPORATOR

CS55 HOW IT WORKS: REFRIGERATION

HARVEST CYCLE

(When the cubes are released) The ice cubes have been formed in an inverted mold that was refrigerated. Now the refrigeration system will change to warm the cube mold and release the cubes. The process begins at the **compressor**. There, refrigerant vapor is compressed and flows from the compressor through the **discharge line** as a high temperature, high pressure gas. Before the gas gets to the condenser,it goes through a **strainer**, the strainer outlet is connected to two tubes, one of which leads to an electric valve, the **hot gas solenoid**. When this valve opens, the refrigerant gas follows the path of least resistance and flows through the tubing from the hot gas valve to the **evaporator**, where the ice cubes are frozen. At the evaporator, the high temperature gases are cooled by the cold temperatures of the cube mold, and condense into liquid, transferring heat to the mold which warms up and releases the cubes.

The refrigerant, now a low pressure, low temperature vapor, flows into the **accumulator**, which traps excess liquid refrigerant. The vapor, now primarily a gas, goes through the **suction line** tube to the compressor where the cycle is repeated.



CS55 OPERATION & ADJUSTMENT: OPERATING CHARACTERISITCS

The information shown below covers a wide range of air and water temperatures. It is intended as a guideline only, and is based on data compiled from NEW CLEAN units. Allow a variation from each end of the range given.

A. Refrigeration system pressures:

- B. Freeze cycle time.....15-30 minutes
- C. Defrost cycle time2- 3 minutesD. Compressor amps

ADJUSTMENT OF THE CUBE SIZE:

Adjust only when cubes are too big or small.

- (See the illustration at the right.)
- 1. Remove front panel, locate knob.

To increse the size, turn knob 1/8 turn clockwise. To make the cubes smaller, turn the knob 1/8 turn counterclockwise.
 Observe the size of the cubes in the next two harvest cycles, if more adjustment is needed, continue adjustments until the correct size is obtained.

ADJUSTMENT OF THE BIN THERMOSTAT CONTROL

Adjust the bin thermostat when the ice maker turns off too soon (ice level low) or when it turns off too late (ice storage bin overfills.)

To increase the ice level in the storage bin:

Rotate the bin thermostat adjustment screw (located under front panel on control box cover) clockwise one eight turn at a time until the ice level that the machine maintains is correct.

To decrease the ice level in the storage bin:

Rotate the bin thermostat adjustment screw counterclockwise one eight turn at a time until the ice level is correct.



CS55 MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

A Scotsman Ice System represents a sizable investment of time and money in any company's business. In order to receive the best return for that investment, it MUST receive periodic maintenance.

It is the USER'S RESPONSIBILITY to see that the unit is properly maintained. It is always preferable, and less costly in the long run, to avoid possible down time by keeping it clean; adjusting it as needed; and by replacing worn parts before they can cause failure. The following is a list of recommended maintenance that will help keep the machine running with a minimum of problems.

Maintenance and Cleaning should be scheduled at a minimum of twice per year.

General

The periods and procedures for maintenance and cleaning are given as a guide. Cleaning will vary depending upon local water conditions and the amount of ice used. Each icemaker must be maintained individually, in accordance with its own requirements.

Icemaker

The following should be scheduled at least two times per year on this icemaker. Call your local Scotsman Service Agency.

1. Shut off water supply to the icemaker.

2. Disconnect the water inlet tube from the connection at the back of the icemaker, and check the screen at that point. If very dirty, carefully pull the screen out and clean it. Reassemble water line to icemaker.

- 1. Reassemble water line to icemar
- 3. Open the water shut off valve.

4. Unplug the power cord to disconnect electrical power to the icemaker.

5. Remove the front panel.

6. Clean the air-cooled condenser fins using a vacuum, whisk broom, brush, or if needed, coil cleaner. The icemaking capacity of this machine is reduced by a dirty condenser coil.

7. Remove the ice from the bin.

8. Remove curtain by pulling forward on the left end, and then pulling the curtain to the left and out of the machine.

9. Lift up spray platform, locate stand pipe to the right of the opening, and pull it out to drain the reservoir. Replace the standpipe, spray platform, and curtain.
10. Mix approximately 3 ounces of Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner with 1.5 quarts of hot tap water, and pour this solution into the reservoir at the curtain base.

11. Plug the icemaker back in, and allow it to operate for at least 20 minutes. Then switch the cleaning toggle switch to the "cleaning" position for about three minutes to release all the ice cubes from their cups. 13. Switch the cleaning toggle switch to the "operation" position, and allow the machine to run for 30 minutes or until all the acid taste is gone from the ice being produced. 14. Pour hot water into the bin to melt the ice produced during cleaning, and to clean out the drain. Wipe the interior of the bin with mild soap and hot water, rinse with cold water.

Caution: Do not use the ice produced during cleaning, as it may have a strong acid content.

15. Replace the front panel.

CS55 SERVICE DIAGNOSIS

CODD DERVICE L	JAGNUSIS
SYPMTOM POSSIBLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED CORRECTION
Unit will not runBlown fuse or	Replace fuse & check for
breaker	cause of blown fuse, reset breaker.
Compressor cyclesLow voltage	Check circuit for
intermittently	overloading. Check voltage at the
Dist. and days an	supply to the building.
Dirty condenser	Clean the condenser
Air circulation	Allow sufficient air
blocked	around unit.
Non condensable	Evacuate and recharge
gas in system	with nameplate charge
Cubes too smallCube size control	Check and adjust for
set too warm	proper operation
Partially restricted	Blow charge, evacuate
cap tube	with new drier, weigh in nameplate charge.
Moisture in system	Same as above
Overcharged	Same as above
Undercharged	Same as above, look for a leak.
Cloudy cubesSpray nozzels	Clean
plugged	Clean with Scotsman Ice Machine Cleaner
Needs cleaning	Clean with Scotsman ice Machine Cleaner
Irregular sizeSome jets plugged	Clean jets
cubes, some cloudy Shortage of water	Check water supply
Cubes too large Cube size control	Check and adjust for
set improperlyproper operation	
Decreased ice Inefficient	Replace
capacitycompressor	

CS55 SERVICE DIAGNOSIS

Low Ice CapacityLeaky inlet water Non-condensable gas in the system	Replace valve Replace refrigerant
Ĥigh Head Pressure	Dirty condenser, Worn fan motor, High air temperature
High air temp.	High water temperature Relocate machine or water line.
Overcharge Restricted system	Replace the refrigerant Replace the drier and refrigerant
Poor harvest Too short defrost	Replace cube size control
Not enough water Hot gas valve	Check water supply Replace
Inlet water valve plug	
Air and water temp	Try to change location
No harvestCube size control	Replace
Hot gas valve does not work	Replace
	Replace
Excessive waterDrain plugged	Clean drain

REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

Disconnect ice machine from electrical power before proceeding.

Bin Thermostat

1. Unplug the icemaker to disconnect electrical power.

2. Remove screws and cabinet front panel.

3. Remove screws and control box cover, disconnect electrical wires from bin thermostat control.

4. Dismount bin thermostat from the control box

5. Remove rear panel.

6. Pull bin thermostat capillary line from tube in ice storage bin. Remove complete control from ice machine.

7. Replace with new control in reverse order of removal.

gain access to the cube size control body.
Remove screws and dismount cube size control from control box. Disconnect electrical wires from cube size control.
4. At the top of the machine, unclip cube size thermostat tube holder from evaporator, (retain clips and tube assembly.) Pull cube size control capillary tube from the tube, and remove complete cube size control from the ice maker.
5. Insert capillary tube on new thermostat into tube holder, be sure that the end caps are in place.

6. Reverse the removal procedures to reinstall the cube size control. Adjust as needed.

Refrigeration System

Any time the refrigeration system is



Cube Size Control

1. Unplug the icemaker to disconnect electrical power.

2. Remove screws and cabinet top, front, and rear panels.

3. Pull knob from cube size control shaft. Remove screws and control box cover to opened, the drier must be replaced, the system evacuated and the exact charge measured into the system. Any other procedure is NOT CORRECT, and will result in substandard performance.

CS55 REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

Spray Platform and Spray Jets

1. Open ice bin door.

2. Pull out on the left side and remove curtain assembly.

3. Lift the spray platform up and pull out to get to the water hose at the base of the platform.

4. Pull hose off of connection to spray platform, and pull platform from ice maker.5. Unscrew nozzle caps from the spray platform, check for spinner discs, clean or replace the spinners.

6. To replace, reverse the removal procedures.



Water Inlet Valve

1. Unplug the icemaker to disconnect electrical power.

2. Shut off water supply to icemaker.

3. Remove the lower back panel, pull out to expose inlet water valve.

4. Disconnect electrical wires from inlet water valve.

5. Disconnect water lines to and from water valve.

- 6. Remove valve from icemaker.
- 7. Reverse removal procedure to replace.



Water Pump

1. Disconnect ice maker from electrical power.

2. Remove top panel.

3. Open ice bin door pull up through top and remove.

4. Remove curtain by pulling forward and out on the left end..

5. Pull out spray platform, and disconnect hose.

6. Remove screw from water pump cover.

7. Pull top of water pump cover forward, and then pull water pump up and out of ice maker.

8. Dismount water pump from cover assembly, and remount the replacement pump in its place, including water discharge hose.

9. Reverse the balance of the steps to reassemble.



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